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# SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION: INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION FOR THE ERADICATION OF POVERTY IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

Report of the Second Committee (Part X)*

Rapporteur: Mr. Basheer F. ZOUBI (Jordan)

## I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Second Committee held a substantive debate on agenda item 95, sub-items (f), (g), (h), (i), (j) and (k) (see A/50/617, para. 3). Action on sub-item (i) was taken at the 40th and 43rd meetings, on 30 November and 12 December 1995. An account of the Committee's consideration of the item is contained in the relevant summary records (A/C.2/50/SR.40 and 43).

## II. CONSIDERATION OF DRAFT RESOLUTIONS A/C.2/50/L.39 AND L.80

2. At the 40th meeting, on 30 November, the representative of the Philippines, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China, introduced a draft resolution entitled "Observance of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty and proclamation of the First United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty" (A/C.2/50/L.39), which read:

"The General Assembly,

* The report of the Committee on this agenda item will be issued in several parts, under the symbol A/50/617 and addenda.

"Reaffirming its resolutions 43/195 of 20 December 1988, 44/212 of 22 December 1989, 45/213 of 21 December 1990, 46/141 of 17 December 1991, 47/197 of 22 December 1992, 48/184 of 21 December 1993 and 49/110 of 19 December 1994, all related to international cooperation for the eradication of poverty in developing countries,

"Recalling its resolution 48/183 of 21 December 1993, in which it proclaimed 1996 the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty,

"Recalling also its resolution 49/110 of 19 December 1994, in which it requested that a draft programme on the preparations for and observance of the Year be elaborated at an early date,

"Emphasizing the need to focus efforts and policies on the root causes of poverty and the necessity to provide for the basic needs of all,

"Recognizing that opportunities for access to resources and income should be enhanced, and that factors and constraints that perpetuate inequality should be removed,

"Stressing that the United Nations system should play a key role in the enhancement of support and assistance to developing countries, particularly African countries and least developed countries, in their efforts to achieve the objectives set forth by the major United Nations conferences organized since 1990 with a view to eradicating poverty,

"Emphasizing that empowering women will be a critical factor in the eradication of poverty, since women contribute to the economy and to the eradication of poverty through both their remunerated and their unremunerated work,

"Considering that the international community at the highest political level has already reached a consensus and committed itself to the eradication of poverty in recent major United Nations conferences, including the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, the International Conference on Population and Development, and the Fourth World Conference on Women, as well as in preparations for the forthcoming second United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II), and in particular at the World Summit for Social Development, which addressed the eradication of poverty as one of its three major themes,

"Noting with satisfaction the importance attached at the Halifax Summit of the G-7 group of countries to the eradication of poverty as an overriding priority for improving the plight of the developing countries, in particular the African countries and the least developed countries,

"Bearing in mind that Governments decided to adopt the appropriate measures and mechanisms for implementing and monitoring the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development, with the assistance, upon request, of the specialized agencies, programmes, funds and regional commissions of the United Nations system, with broad participation of all sectors of civil society,

"Having considered the reports of the Secretary-General on the draft programme for the observance of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty 1/ and on international cooperation for the eradication of poverty in developing countries, 2/

"Having also considered the Copenhagen Declaration 3/ and Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, 4/ in particular paragraph 95 (c) of the Programme of Action, in which it is recommended that the General Assembly, at its fiftieth session, declare the First United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty, following the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty (1996), with a view to considering further initiatives on the eradication of poverty,

"A. Observance of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty (1996)

"1. Decides that the theme for the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty 5/ shall be: 'Poverty can be and must be eradicated throughout the world';

"2. Urges all Governments, the international community including the United Nations system, and all other actors in society to pursue seriously the objective of the eradication of poverty within the context of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty (1996);

"3. Reaffirms that the major activities for the observance of the Year shall be undertaken at all levels, and that assistance shall be provided by the United Nations system with a view to creating among States, policy makers and international public opinion a greater awareness of the fact that the eradication of poverty is both a complex and multidimensional problem, and is fundamental to reinforcing peace and achieving sustainable development;

"4. Decides that the aim of the activities during the Year shall be to build the support structure for a longer-term, sustained effort to implement fully and effectively the commitments, recommendations and measures undertaken and the basic provisions already agreed upon at major United Nations conferences since 1990, in particular the World Summit for Social Development; 3/, 4/

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1/ A/50/551.

2/ A/50/396.

3/ A/CONF.166/9, chap. I, resolution 1, annex I.

4/ Ibid., annex II.

5/ See Assembly resolution 48/183.

"5. Also decides that activities during the Year, at all levels, shall be guided, inter alia, by the following principles:

"(a) The eradication of poverty requires that a sustained, collective commitment and effort be mounted by Governments, local administrations, civil society, business and corporations, supported by the international community, including the United Nations system and relevant subregional, regional and other international organizations, and also requires that anti-poverty strategies and programmes be designed, implemented and monitored with the full and effective participation of people living in poverty;

"(b) The eradication of poverty requires adopting measures to ensure that people living in poverty have access to the resources and opportunities necessary to escape from poverty, as well as measures to ensure that all members of society are protected from poverty that results from illness, loss of employment, natural disasters or other misfortunes;

"(c) The eradication of poverty requires that all people living in poverty have access to basic social services and can participate in the economic, social, cultural and political life of society;

"(d) The eradication of poverty requires that women be given the economic and social opportunities to contribute to development, and that anti-poverty strategies and programmes be designed with a specific gender dimension;

"(e) The eradication of poverty requires the development of targeted programmes to meet the special needs of particular social and demographic groups, including young people, disadvantaged older persons, persons with disabilities, and other vulnerable and disadvantaged groups or persons;

"(f) The eradication of poverty requires that the international community provide increased and more effective support for broad-based development in developing countries, in particular in Africa and the least developed countries;

"6. Recommends that all States, in accordance with the Copenhagen Declaration 3/ and Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, 4/ undertake the following by 1996:

"(a) Develop a precise definition and assessment of absolute poverty;

"(b) Elaborate the measurements, criteria and indicators for determining the extent and distribution of absolute poverty;

"(c) Formulate or strengthen, as a matter of urgency, national policies and strategies geared to substantially reducing overall poverty in the shortest possible time, reducing inequalities, and eradicating absolute poverty by a target date to be specified by each country in its national context;

"(d) Increase public efforts to eradicate absolute poverty and to reduce overall poverty substantially by, inter alia, formulating or strengthening and implementing national poverty eradication plans to address the structural causes of poverty, encompassing action on the local, international, subregional, regional and international levels;

"(e) Attach particular attention, in the context of national plans, to employment creation as a means of eradicating poverty, while also giving appropriate consideration to health and education, assigning a higher priority to basic social services, generating household income, and promoting access to productive assets and economic opportunities;

"7. Stresses that, during the Year, people living in poverty and their organizations should be empowered by involving them fully in the setting of targets and in the design, implementation, monitoring and assessment of national strategies and programmes for the eradication of poverty and the development of community bases, ensuring that such programmes reflect their priorities;

"8. Approves the activities for the observance of the Year planned by the United Nations system, as contained in the report of the Secretary-General, 1/ and invites them to take further initiatives;

"9. Urges all multilateral financial and development institutions to intensify and accelerate their investments in social sectors and poverty eradication programmes;

"10. Welcomes the decision taken by the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme to establish an eradication of poverty fund in order to help developing countries, particularly African countries and the least developed countries, in the elaboration of national plans to combat poverty;

"11. Also welcomes the recent decision taken by the Administrative Committee on Coordination to establish three task forces on different aspects of the follow-up to United Nations major conferences with a view to considering issues related to the eradication of poverty;

"12. Requests the Secretary-General to take all relevant measures to arrange for the wide and effective dissemination of the present resolution and the programme for the observance of the Year, and in this regard invites all States, organizations of the United Nations system, relevant international organizations, concerned national organizations, non-governmental organizations and other interested groups of civil society to give the necessary attention to the observance of the Year;

"13. Also requests the Secretary-General to submit a progress report to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session on action taken to implement the present resolution, as well as action taken by the organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to implement the programme for the observance of the Year;

"B. First United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006)

"1. Proclaims the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006);

"2. Urges all Governments and the international community, including the United Nations system, and all other actors in society to pursue seriously the implementation of the outcomes of major United Nations conferences related to the eradication of poverty, in particular the Copenhagen Declaration and Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, as an attainable objective within the context of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty;

"3. Requests the Secretary-General to establish within the Secretariat a clearly identifiable entity with the resources and number of qualified and competent professional and support staff that are required to undertake a broad range of functions in support of the system-wide implementation of the eradication of poverty, including activities for the Decade, relying on the most efficient and cost-effective use of resources;

"4. Also requests the Secretary-General to invite those organs, organizations, programmes, funds and bodies of the United Nations system that have not already done so to consider the establishment of focal points and other similar mechanisms so that they may effectively implement the provisions, agreements and outcomes of major United Nations conferences relevant to the eradication of poverty;

"5. Decides to establish an ad hoc open-ended working committee of the General Assembly to elaborate an operational and comprehensive international framework of action for the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty, to begin its work as early as possible in 1996;

"6. Also decides, for this purpose, to convene two sessions in New York of the ad hoc open-ended working committee, each for a duration of one week, so that it may complete its work no later than September 1996 in order to submit the draft international framework for action for adoption by the Assembly at its fifty-first session;

"7. Requests the ad hoc open-ended working committee of the General Assembly, in its deliberations, to take into account the reports, including the recommendations contained therein, submitted by the Secretary-General pursuant to Assembly resolutions 48/184 of 21 December 1993 and 49/110 of 19 December 1994, as well as the outcome of major conferences related to the eradication of poverty, in particular the Copenhagen Declaration and Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, as well as views and proposals presented by States and/or groups of States, and to report to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session on the outcome of its work;

"8. Calls upon States, the United Nations system, relevant international organizations and all other actors concerned with the Decade

to participate actively in the financial and technical support of the Decade, in particular with a view to translating all measures and recommendations into operational and concrete poverty eradication programmes and activities;

"9. Decides to establish at the level of the United Nations Secretariat a special trust fund for the Decade, and appeals to financial institutions and the private sector to contribute generously to the trust fund for financing poverty eradication activities;

"10. Requests, therefore, that the Secretary-General ensure that the outcomes of major United Nations conferences are disseminated as widely as possible, and also to ensure that the international framework of action for the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty, once adopted, be transmitted to all States, relevant international and regional organizations, multilateral financial institutions and regional development banks in order to secure their active and substantial contributions;

"11. Recommends that donor countries give greater priority to the eradication of poverty in their assistance programmes and budgets, on either a bilateral or multilateral basis, including by making contributions to the trust fund for the Decade;

"12. Encourages developing countries to mobilize external and domestic resources for poverty eradication programmes and activities, and to facilitate their full and effective implementation;

"13. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-first session an item entitled 'First United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006)'."

3. A statement of the programme budget implications of draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.39 was submitted by the Secretary-General in document A/C.2/50/L.61 in accordance with rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly.

4. At the 43rd meeting, on 12 December, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Conor Murphy (Ireland), introduced a draft resolution entitled "Observance of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty and proclamation of the First United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty" (A/C.2/50/L.80), which he submitted on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.39), and orally revised the text as follows:

(a) In operative paragraph 10, in the first line, the word "all" was deleted;

(b) In operative paragraph 17, in the second line, the word "seriously" was replaced with the word "effectively".

5. The Committee was informed that the statement of programme budget implications contained in document A/C.2/50/L.61 no longer pertained to draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.80.

6. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.1/50/L.80, as orally revised, without a vote (see para. 8).

7. In view of the adoption of draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.80, draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.39 was withdrawn by its sponsors.

## III. RECOMMENDATION OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE

8. The Second Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

### Observance of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty and proclamation of the First United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolutions 43/195 of 20 December 1988, 44/212 of 22 December 1989, 45/213 of 21 December 1990, 46/141 of 17 December 1991, 47/197 of 22 December 1992, 48/184 of 21 December 1993 and 49/110 of 19 December 1994, all related to international cooperation for the eradication of poverty in developing countries,

Recalling its resolution 48/183 of 21 December 1993, in which it proclaimed 1996 International Year for the Eradication of Poverty,

Recalling also its resolution 49/110, in which it requested that a draft programme on the preparations for and observance of the Year be elaborated at an early date,

Emphasizing the necessity for Governments to focus their efforts and policies on addressing the root causes of poverty and providing for the basic needs of all,

Recognizing that the eradication of poverty requires ensuring universal access to economic opportunities that will promote sustainable livelihood and making basic efforts to facilitate access to opportunities and services for the disadvantaged, and that people living in poverty and vulnerable groups must be empowered through organization and social life, in particular in the planning and implementation of policies that affect them, thus enabling them to become genuine partners in development,

Also recognizing that economic development, social development and environmental protection are interdependent and mutually reinforcing components of sustainable development, which is the framework for efforts to achieve a higher quality of life for all people, and that equitable social development, which empowers people living in poverty to utilize environmental resources sustainably, is a necessary foundation for sustainable development,

Stressing the necessity to promote and implement policies to create a supportive external economic environment, through, inter alia, cooperation in the formulation and implementation of macroeconomic policies, trade liberalization, mobilization and/or the provision of new and additional financial resources that are both adequate and predictable and mobilized in a way that maximizes the availability of such resources for sustainable development, using all available funding sources and mechanisms, enhanced financial stability and ensuring increased access of developing countries to global markets, productive investments and technologies, and appropriate knowledge,

Also stressing that the United Nations system should play a central role in enhancing support and assistance for developing countries, in particular African countries and least developed countries, in their efforts to achieve the objectives set forth in the Copenhagen Declaration and Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, 6/ as well as in the major United Nations conferences organized since 1990 towards the eradication of poverty,

Emphasizing that empowering women will be a critical factor in the eradication of poverty, since women constitute a majority of people living in poverty and since they contribute to the economy and to combating poverty through both their remunerated and their unremunerated work at home, in the community and in the workplace,

Considering that the international community at the highest political level has already reached a consensus and committed itself to the eradication of poverty in recent major United Nations conferences, including the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, the International Conference on Population and Development, the Fourth World Conference on Women and in particular the World Summit for Social Development, which addressed the eradication of poverty as one of its three major themes, as well as the expected contributions from the forthcoming United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and the ninth session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the World Food Summit,

Noting the importance attached at the summit meeting of seven major industrialized countries, held at Halifax, Canada, from 15 to 17 June 1995, in considering measures towards the eradication of poverty, 7/

Bearing in mind that Governments decided to adopt the appropriate measures and mechanisms for implementing and monitoring the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development, with the assistance, upon request, of the specialized agencies, programmes, funds and regional commissions of the United Nations system, with broad participation of all sectors of civil society,

Recalling the Copenhagen Declaration and Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, in particular paragraph 95 (c) of the Programme

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6/ A/CONF.166/9, chap. I, resolution 1, annexes I and II.

7/ See A/50/254-S/1995/501.

of Action, in which it is recommended that the General Assembly, at its fiftieth session, declare the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty, following the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty (1996), with a view to considering further initiatives on the eradication of poverty,

Having considered the reports of the Secretary-General on the draft programme for the observance of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty 8/ and on international cooperation for the eradication of poverty in developing countries, 9/

Taking note of the Secretary-General's proposal in response to resolution 49/110 of 19 December 1994, that the theme of the international year for the eradication of poverty be "Poverty can be and must be eradicated throughout the World".

## I. OBSERVANCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL YEAR FOR THE ERADICATION OF POVERTY (1996)

1. Urges all Governments, the international community, including the United Nations system, and all other actors in society to pursue seriously the objective of the eradication of poverty within the context of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty (1996);

2. Reaffirms that the activities for the observance of the Year shall be undertaken at all levels, and that assistance should be provided by the United Nations system with a view to creating among States, policy makers and international public opinion a greater awareness of the fact that the eradication of poverty is both a complex and multidimensional problem, and is fundamental to reinforcing peace and achieving sustainable development;

3. Decides that the aim of the activities during the Year shall be to support a longer-term, sustained effort to implement fully and effectively the commitments, recommendations and measures undertaken, and the basic provisions already agreed upon at major United Nations conferences since 1990, in particular the World Summit for Social Development6/ and the Fourth World Conference on Women; 10/

4. Also decides that, in order to achieve the goal of eradicating poverty, activities during the Year, at all levels, shall be guided,inter alia, by the following principles:

(a) A sustained, collective commitment and effort shall be mounted by Governments, local administrations, all relevant actors of civil society, including non-governmental organizations, business and corporations, supported

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8/ A/50/551.

9/ A/50/396.

10/ See A/CONF.177/20 and Add.1, chap. I, resolution 1, annexes I and II.

by the international community, including the United Nations system and relevant subregional, regional and other international organizations, and anti-poverty strategies and programmes shall be designed, implemented and monitored with the full and effective participation of people living in poverty;

(b) Measures shall be adopted to ensure that people living in poverty have access to the resources and opportunities necessary to escape from poverty, and policies shall be adopted to ensure that all people have adequate economic and social protection during unemployment, ill health, maternity, child-rearing, widowhood, disability and old age;

(c) Access of all people living in poverty to basic social services shall be ensured, as well as their participation in the economic, social, cultural and political life of society;

(d) Women shall be given the economic and social opportunities to contribute to development, and anti-poverty strategies and programmes shall be designed with a gender dimension;

(e) Targeted programmes shall be developed to meet the special needs of particular social and demographic groups, including young people, disadvantaged older persons, persons with disabilities and other vulnerable and disadvantaged groups of persons;

(f) The international community shall provide continued and effective support to broad-based development in developing countries, in particular in Africa and the least developed countries;

(g) The efforts of the United Nations system to achieve the overall goal of eradicating poverty should be well coordinated in order to ensure that activities of relevant organizations are complementary and cost-effective;

5. Recommends that all States, as set out in the Copenhagen Declaration and Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, undertake the following, preferably by 1996:

(a) Develop a precise definition and assessment of absolute poverty;

(b) Elaborate the measurements, criteria and indicators for determining the extent and distribution of absolute poverty;

(c) Formulate or strengthen, as a matter of urgency, national policies and strategies geared to substantially reducing overall poverty in the shortest possible time, reducing inequalities and eradicating absolute poverty by a target date to be specified by each country in its national context;

(d) Increase public efforts to eradicate absolute poverty and to reduce overall poverty substantially by, inter alia, formulating or strengthening and implementing national poverty eradication plans to address the structural causes of poverty, encompassing action on the local, national, subregional, regional and international levels;

(e) Attach particular attention, in the context of national plans, to employment creation as a means of eradicating poverty, while also giving appropriate consideration to health and education, assigning a higher priority to basic social services, generating household income and promoting access to productive assets and economic opportunities;

6. Urges Governments to review, adopt and maintain macroeconomic policies and development strategies that address the needs and efforts of women living in poverty, in particular in rural areas, as set out in paragraph 58 of the Platform for Action adopted by the Fourth World Conference on Women; 10/

7. Reaffirms the agreement to a mutual commitment between interested developed and developing country partners to allocate, on average, 20 per cent of official development assistance and 20 per cent of the national budget, respectively, to basic social programmes;

8. Stresses that, during the Year and beyond, people living in poverty and their organizations should be empowered by being fully involved in the setting of targets and in the design, implementation, monitoring and assessment of national strategies and programmes for the eradication of poverty and the development of community bases, ensuring that such programmes reflect their priorities;

9. Notes the activities for the observance of the Year planned by the organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, as contained in the report of the Secretary-General, 8/ and invites them to take further initiatives;

10. Urges multilateral financial and development institutions to intensify and accelerate their investments in social sectors and poverty eradication programmes;

11. Takes note of decision 95/22 of the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme, in which the Board decided to give poverty elimination the overriding priority in Programme activities and to concentrate its programmes on the most needy regions and countries, in particular the least developed countries, especially in Africa;

12. Invites all relevant specialized agencies, funds, programmes and related organizations of the United Nations system to strengthen and adjust their activities, programmes and strategies, as appropriate, in order to achieve the overall goal of eradicating poverty and meeting the basic human needs of all;

13. Welcomes the recent decision taken by the Administrative Committee on Coordination to establish task forces on different aspects of the follow-up to United Nations major conferences with a view to considering issues related to the eradication of poverty; 11/

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11/ See ACC/1995/23.

14. Takes note of the decision taken by the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme to establish an eradication of poverty fund for the duration of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty in order to help developing countries, in particular African countries and the least developed countries, in the elaboration of national plans during 1996 to combat poverty;

15. Requests the Secretary-General to take all relevant measures to arrange for the wide and effective dissemination of the present resolution and the programme for the observance of the Year, and in this regard invites all States, organizations of the United Nations system, relevant international organizations, concerned national organizations, non-governmental organizations and other interested groups of civil society to give the necessary attention to the observance of the Year;

## II. FIRST UNITED NATIONS DECADE FOR THE ERADICATION OF POVERTY (1997-2006)

16. Proclaims the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006);

17. Urges all Governments and the international community, including the United Nations system, and all other actors in society to pursue effectively the implementation of the outcomes of major United Nations conferences related to the eradication of poverty, in particular the World Summit for Social Development;

18. Welcomes the arrangements, within the agreed appropriation level for the biennium 1996-1997 made by the Secretary-General regarding the entity within the Secretariat required to undertake the functions needed in support of the system-wide implementation of the International Year for the Eradication of Poverty, including activities of the Decade;

19. Requests the Secretary-General to invite those organs, organizations, programmes, funds and bodies of the United Nations system that have not already done so to consider the establishment of focal points and other similar mechanisms so that they may effectively implement the provisions, agreements and outcomes of major United Nations conferences relevant to the eradication of poverty;

20. Recalls the coordinating role of the Economic and Social Council in the activities of the United Nations system towards eradication of poverty in the context of the coordinated follow-up of the outcome of the major United Nations conferences and summits organized since 1990 in the economic, social and related fields;

21. Stresses the importance of ensuring, at the intergovernmental and inter-agency levels, coherent, comprehensive and integrated activities for the Year and Decade, according to the outcome of the major United Nations conferences and summits organized since 1990 in the economic, social and related fields;

22. Invites the Administrative Committee on Coordination to ensure, in particular through the inter-agency task forces, the involvement and coordination of all relevant organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system for a full and effective implementation of the present resolution and to submit to the General Assembly, at its fifty-first session, through the Economic and Social Council, reports on activities envisaged in support of the Decade, taking into account the outcome of the major United Nations conferences and summits organized since 1990 in the economic, social and related fields;

23. Calls upon States, the United Nations system, relevant international organizations and all other actors concerned with the Decade to participate actively in the financial and technical support of the Decade, in particular with a view to translating all measures and recommendations into operational and concrete poverty eradication programmes and activities;

24. Decides that the trust fund of the World Summit for Social Development established in accordance with General Assembly resolution 47/92 of 16 December 1992 to finance preparatory activities be continued and renamed the Trust Fund for the Follow-up to the World Summit for Social Development, under the authority of the Secretary-General, with the aim of supporting programmes, seminars and activities for the promotion of social development in the implementation of the Copenhagen Declaration and Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, which include activities of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty, and invites all States to contribute to the Fund;

25. Requests, therefore, that the Secretary-General ensure that the outcomes of major United Nations conferences are disseminated as widely as possible and also to ensure that the documents related to the Year and the United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty, once adopted, are transmitted to all States, relevant international and regional organizations, multilateral financial institutions and regional development banks in order to secure their active and substantial contributions;

26. Recommends that donor countries give greater priority to the eradication of poverty in their assistance programmes and budgets, on either a bilateral or multilateral basis;

27. Encourages developing countries to mobilize domestic and external resources for poverty eradication programmes and activities, and to facilitate their full and effective implementation;

28. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session, in one document, a progress report on action taken by the United Nations system to implement the programme for the observance of the Year and action envisaged to be taken in preparation for the Decade;

29. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-first session an item entitled "First United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006)".

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# SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION: UNITED NATIONS INITIATIVE ON OPPORTUNITY AND PARTICIPATION

Report of the Second Committee (Part XI)*

Rapporteur: Mr. Basheer F. ZOUBI (Jordan)

## I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Second Committee held a substantive debate on agenda item 95, sub-items (f), (g), (h), (i), (j) and (k) (see A/50/617, para. 3). Action on sub-item (j) was taken at the 39th and 42nd meetings, on 27 November and 8 December 1995. An account of the Committee's consideration of the item is contained in the relevant summary records (A/C.2/50/SR.39 and 42).

## II. CONSIDERATION OF DRAFT RESOLUTIONS A/C.2/50/L.36 AND L.60

2. At the 39th meeting, on 27 November, the representative of Papua New Guinea, on behalf of Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Benin, Fiji, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Samoa, Singapore, Solomon Islands and Trinidad and Tobago, introduced a draft resolution entitled "United Nations initiative on opportunity and participation" (A/C.2/50/L.36), which read:

"The General Assembly,

"Recalling its resolution 48/60 of 14 December 1993 on a United Nations initiative on opportunity and participation, and its decision 49/434 of 19 December 1994 on the same subject,

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* The report of the Committee on this agenda item will be issued in several parts, under the symbol A/50/617 and addenda.

"Reaffirming that one of the fundamental prerequisites of the achievement of sustainable development is broad-based public participation in decision-making,

"Acknowledging the relevance of opportunity and participation in the economic and social development agenda of the United Nations, as reflected in the various international conferences and agreements related to the follow-up of the Rio process,

"Commending the South Pacific Forum Vision Statement, 1/ adopted by the Twenty-sixth South Pacific Forum, held at Madang, Papua New Guinea, from 13 to 15 September 1995, which promotes opportunities for international and regional cooperation leading to growth with equity, broad-based participation and capacity-building for self-reliance,

"Noting that the United Nations Panel on Opportunity and Participation met at United Nations Headquarters from 15 to 19 May 1995,

"1. Welcomes the report of the United Nations Panel on Opportunity and Participation; 2/

"2. Takes note of the Panel's contribution to the finalization of an agenda for development and the follow-up arrangements for the World Summit for Social Development, held in Copenhagen in March 1995;

"3. Invites Member States, relevant organizations and agencies of the United Nations system to consider the recommendations of the Panel, particularly the relevant sections of its report on the commitment to employ international machinery for the promotion of the economic and social development of all peoples;

"4. Invites the Commission on Sustainable Development, within the overall framework of trade, environment and sustainable development, alleviating poverty, promoting sustainable agriculture and rural development, and small-scale fisheries development, to draw upon the work of the Panel;

"5. Requests the Committee for Development Planning, as constituting the consultative body of experts on evaluation of the programmes of United Nations organs and organizations relating to economic planning and projection and proposed improvements, to further consider the report of the Panel, at its session of 1996, in terms of its multi-year programme, within the context of the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade; 3/

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1/ A/50/475, annex, appendix II.

2/ A/50/501 and Add.1, annex.

3/ Resolution 45/199, annex.

"6. Encourages the relevant agencies and organizations of the United Nations system, in particular the United Nations Development Programme and the regional commissions, to increase their efforts in promoting opportunity and participation and to develop these concepts and incorporate them into their strategies and programmes including regional and national workshops and seminars;

"7. Invites Member States and international organizations to make special voluntary contributions to these efforts;

"8. Encourages support for the widest possible dissemination of the report of the Panel to the international community."

3. At the 42nd meeting, on 8 December, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Conor Murphy (Ireland), introduced a draft resolution entitled "United Nations initiative on opportunity and participation" (A/C.2/50/L.60), which he submitted on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.36.

4. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.60 without a vote (see para. 7).

5. After the adoption of the draft resolution, a statement was made by the representative of Papua New Guinea (see A/C.2/50/SR.42).

6. In view of the adoption of draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.60, draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.36 was withdrawn by its sponsors.

## III. RECOMMENDATION OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE

7. The Second Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

### United Nations initiative on opportunity and participation

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 48/60 of 14 December 1993 and its decision 49/434 of 19 December 1994 on a United Nations initiative on opportunity and participation,

Reaffirming that one of the fundamental prerequisites of the achievement of sustainable development is broad-based public participation in decision-making,

Acknowledging the relevance of opportunity and participation in the economic and social development agenda of the United Nations, as reflected in the various international conferences and agreements related to the follow-up of the Rio process,

Commending the South Pacific Forum Vision Statement, 4/ adopted by the Twenty-sixth South Pacific Forum, held at Madang, Papua New Guinea, from 13 to 15 September 1995, which promotes opportunities for international and regional cooperation leading to growth with equity, broad-based participation and capacity-building for self-reliance,

Noting that the United Nations Panel on Opportunity and Participation met at United Nations Headquarters from 15 to 19 May 1995,

1. Welcomes the report of the United Nations Panel on Opportunity and Participation; 5/

2. Takes note of the Panel's contribution to the completion of an agenda for development and the follow-up arrangements to the World Summit for Social Development, held at Copenhagen from 6 to 12 March 1995;

3. Invites Member States and relevant organizations and agencies of the United Nations system to consider the insights and the recommendations of the Panel, particularly the sections of its report related to the efforts to be made for the development of small and medium-sized enterprises in developing countries as an effective measure for promoting opportunity and participation in the context of national development and the economic and social development of all peoples;

4. Invites the Commission for Sustainable Development, in the overall framework of trade, environment and sustainable development, alleviating poverty and promoting sustainable agriculture and rural development and small-scale fisheries development, to draw upon the work of the Panel;

5. Invites the Committee for Development Planning, in accordance with its mandate, to take into account the recommendations of the Panel in its work in 1996 in the context of the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade; 6/

6. Encourages the relevant agencies and organizations of the United Nations system, in particular the United Nations Development Programme and the regional commissions, to increase their efforts to promote opportunity and participation, and to develop those concepts and incorporate them into their strategies and programmes, including regional and national workshops and seminars;

7. Invites Member States and international organizations to make voluntary contributions to these efforts;

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4/ A/50/475, annex, appendix II.

5/ A/50/501 and Add.1, annex.

6/ Resolution 45/199, annex.

8. Encourages support for the widest possible dissemination of the report of the Panel to the international community.

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# SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION: FOOD AND SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

Report of the Second Committee (Part XII)*

Rapporteur: Mr. Basheer F. ZOUBI (Jordan)

## I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Second Committee held a substantive debate on agenda item 95, sub-items (f), (g), (h), (i), (j) and (k) (see A/50/617, para. 3). Action on sub-item (k) was taken at the 36th and 41st meetings, on 16 November and 5 December 1995. An account of the Committee's consideration of the item is contained in the relevant summary records (A/C.2/50/SR.36 and 41).

## II. CONSIDERATION OF DRAFT RESOLUTIONS A/C.2/50/L.21 AND L.51

2. At the 36th meeting, on 16 November, the representative of the Philippines, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China, introduced a draft resolution entitled "World Food Summit" (A/C.2/50/L.21), which read:

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* The report of the Committee on this agenda item will be issued in several parts, under the symbol A/50/617 and addenda.

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/...

"The General Assembly,

"Reaffirming the inalienable right to be free from hunger and malnutrition, as proclaimed in the Universal Declaration on the Eradication of Hunger and Malnutrition, 1/

"Conscious that, despite the progress that has been made in ensuring global food availability, 800 million people remain chronically undernourished and about 200 million children under the age of five suffer from protein and energy deficiencies,

"Convinced of the urgent need to renew commitment, at the highest political level, to the eradication of hunger and malnutrition and the achievement of food security for all, through the adoption of concerted policies and plans of action at global, regional and national levels,

"Recalling the contributions to international consensus achieved by the World Food Conference 1/ in 1974, the World Summit for Children 2/ in 1990, the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development 3/ and the International Conference on Nutrition 4/ in 1992, the International Conference on Population and Development 5/ in 1994, and the World Summit for Social Development 6/ and the Fourth World Conference on Women 7/ in 1995, as well as the agreements made at other international conferences and summits in recent years,

"1. Welcomes the decision of the Conference of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations at its twenty-eighth session

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1/ See Report of the World Food Conference, Rome, 5-16 November 1974 (United Nations publication, Sales No. 75.II.A.31).

2/ See First Call for Children (New York, United Nations Children's Fund, 1990).

3/ See Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992, vol. I, Resolutions Adopted by the Conference (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8 and corrigenda).

4/ See The Final Report of the International Conference on Nutrition, Rome, 5-11 December 1992 (Rome, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, 1993).

5/ See Report of the International Conference on Population and Development, Cairo, 5-13 September 1994 (A/CONF.171/13).

6/ See Report of the World Summit for Social Development, Copenhagen, 6-12 March 1995 (A/CONF.166/9).

7/ See Report of the Fourth World Conference on Women, Beijing, 4-15 September 1995 (A/CONF.177/20).

to convene the World Food Summit in Rome from 13 to 17 November 1996 at the level of heads of State or Government;

"2. Urges Governments to be represented at the World Food Summit at the level of heads of State or Government, and invites them to participate actively in Summit preparations;

"3. Invites all relevant United Nations and other intergovernmental organizations, including international and regional financial institutions, as well as non-governmental organizations and the private sector, to cooperate actively with the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations in preparing for the Summit;

"4. Also invites the international community to make substantial contributions to the special trust fund established by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations in order to facilitate the preparations for and holding of the World Food Summit as well as to facilitate the full and effective participation of representatives of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, both at the preparatory meetings for the Summit to be held in January and September 1996 and at the Summit itself;

"5. Further invites the Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to submit to the General Assembly, at its fifty-second session, a report on the outcome of the Summit, including actions to be taken to follow up the outcome of the Summit at all appropriate levels."

3. At the 41st meeting, on 5 December, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Conor Murphy (Ireland), introduced a draft resolution entitled "World Food Summit" (A/C.2/50/L.51), which he submitted on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.21, and orally revised it by deleting the word "substantial" before the word "contributions" in the first line of operative paragraph 4.

4. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.51, as orally revised, without a vote (see para. 7).

5. After the adoption of the draft resolution, a statement was made by the representative of the United States of America (see A/C.2/50/SR.41).

6. In view of the adoption of draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.51, draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.21 was withdrawn by its sponsors.

## III. RECOMMENDATION OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE

7. The Second Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

World Food Summit

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming the inalienable right to be free from hunger and malnutrition, as proclaimed in the Universal Declaration on the Eradication of Hunger and Malnutrition, 8/

Conscious that, despite the progress that has been made in ensuring global food availability, eight hundred million people remain chronically undernourished and about two hundred million children under age five suffer from protein and energy deficiencies,

Convinced of the urgent need, at the highest political level, to marshal the global consensus and commitment required for the eradication of hunger and malnutrition and the achievement of food security for all, through the adoption of concerted policies and a plan of action for implementation by Governments, international institutions and all sectors of civil society,

Recalling the contributions to international consensus achieved by the World Food Conference 9/ in 1974, the World Summit for Children 10/ in 1990, the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development 11/ and the International Conference on Nutrition 12/ in 1992, the International Conference on Population and Development 13/ in 1994, and the World Summit for Social Development 14/ and the Fourth World Conference on Women 15/ in

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8/ Report of the World Food Conference, Rome, 5-16 November 1974 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.75.II.A.3), chap. I.

9/ See Report of the World Food Conference, Rome, 5-16 November 1974 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.75.II.A.3).

10/ See First Call for Children (New York, United Nations Children's Fund, 1990).

11/ See Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992, vol. I, Resolutions Adopted by the Conference (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8 and corrigenda).

12/ See International Conference on Nutrition, Rome, December 1992, Final Report of the Conference and World Declaration and Plan of Action for Nutrition (Rome, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, 1992).

13/ See Report of the International Conference on Population and Development, Cairo, 5-13 September 1994 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.XIII.18).

14/ See A/CONF.166/9.

15/ See A/CONF.177/20 and Add.1.

1995, as well as the agreements made at other international conferences and summits in recent years,

Recognizing that activities to ensure food security at all levels should be carried out within the framework of sustainable development, as defined in Agenda 21, 16/ and that the World Food Summit will give due attention to the multifaceted nature of food security,

Bearing in mind the proposal of the Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations that the Summit should not call for new funding mechanisms or institutions,

1. Welcomes the decision of the Conference of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations at its twenty-eighth session to convene the World Food Summit at Rome from 13 to 17 November 1996 at the level of heads of State or Government;

2. Invites Governments to participate actively in Summit preparations and to be represented at the level of heads of State or Government;

3. Invites all relevant United Nations and other intergovernmental organizations, including international and regional financial institutions, as well as non-governmental organizations and the private sector, to cooperate actively with the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations in preparing for the Summit;

4. Invites the international community to make contributions on a voluntary basis to the special trust fund established by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations in order to facilitate the preparations for and the holding of the Summit as well as to facilitate the preparations for effective participation of representatives of developing countries, in particular the least developed countries, both at the sessions of the Committee on World Food Security of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to be held in January and September 1996 as preparatory meetings and at the Summit itself;

5. Invites the Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to submit to the General Assembly, at its fifty-second session, through the Economic and Social Council, a report on the outcome of the Summit, including actions to be taken to follow up the outcome of the Summit at all appropriate levels.

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16/ Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992, vol. I, Resolutions Adopted by the Conference (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8 and corrigenda), resolution 1, annex II.

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# SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION

Report of the Second Committee (Part XIII)*

Rapporteur: Mr. Basheer F. ZOUBI (Jordan)

## I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Second Committee held a substantive debate on agenda item 95 as a whole (see A/50/617, para. 3). Action on the item was taken at the 39th and 43rd meetings, on 27 November and 12 December 1995. An account of the Committee's consideration of the item is contained in the relevant summary records (A/C.2/50/SR.39 and 43).

## II. CONSIDERATION OF PROPOSALS

### A. Draft resolutions A/C.2/50/L.40 and A/C.2/50/L.76

2. At the 39th meeting, on 27 November, the representative of the Philippines, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China, introduced a draft resolution entitled "Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa" (A/C.2/50/L.40), which read:

* The report of the Committee on this agenda item will be issued in several parts, under the symbol A/50/617 and addenda.

"The General Assembly,

"Reaffirming its resolution 49/107 of 19 December 1994 on the programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa, in which it requested the Secretary-General to report to it at its fiftieth session on the implementation of the resolution,

"Stressing the renewed urgency for promoting industrialization as a key element in the development of developing countries and the essential role of the United Nations system, in particular the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, in that regard, as reaffirmed in the Declaration of the Eleventh Conference of Heads of State or Government of the Non-Aligned Movement adopted on 20 October 1995, and the Ministerial Declaration of the Group of 77, adopted at the nineteenth annual meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Group of 77 on 29 September 1995, 1/ as well as in resolution AHG/Res. 5 (XXXI) adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on 28 June 1995,

"Recognizing the need for enhanced cooperation between African countries, the United Nations system and, in particular, other bilateral and multilateral financial institutions, as well as African regional and subregional organizations, in the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade,

"Recognizing also the important role of industrialization in promoting sustained economic growth and sustainable development in Africa in the context of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, 2/

"Recognizing further the importance of regional and subregional cooperation in the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade,

"Taking note of the far-reaching implications of the fundamental developments in the international setting and environment for development cooperation, including the conclusion of the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations and the declining availability of resources for development, for the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade and the need for concerted national and international action to enable African countries to cope with the challenges posed by recent trends in trade, resource flows and technology, among other things,

"Emphasizing the continuing need for the mobilization of adequate resources through domestic and international initiatives for the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade,

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1/ A/50/518, annex.

2/ Resolution 46/151, annex, sect. II.

"Noting with appreciation the various regional and subregional initiatives and meetings that have taken place, including the Conference of African Ministers of Industry, held at Gaborone, Botswana from 6 to 8 June 1995, and the positive contribution made by the United Nations Industrial Development Organization in convening and organizing industrial investment forums aimed at the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade,

"1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa (1993-2002); 1/

"2. Calls upon African countries to enhance cooperation among themselves in the areas of industrial policy, institutional development, human resources development, technology and investment, and calls upon the international community to implement those efforts;

"3. Requests the United Nations system, in particular the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and the Economic Commission for Africa, as well as the Organization of African Unity and all other partners in the development process, to continue to play an active role in the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade, bearing in mind the undertakings made in this regard in the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;

"4. Encourages African Governments to strengthen national committees for the Second Decade in order to monitor its implementation effectively and to fashion appropriate policy responses to the challenges and the demands posed by changes in the domestic and international environment for industrialization;

"5. Emphasizes the continuing need for technical and financial assistance from the United Nations system and from bilateral and multilateral sources to complement the efforts of African countries in achieving the objectives of the Second Decade;

"6. Requests the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to facilitate the exchange of information among African Governments on activities carried out nationally in collaboration with the United Nations system and with the support of bilateral and multilateral partners in connection with the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade as a contribution to subsequent reports of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the programme;

"7. Calls upon the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Economic Commission for Africa and the Organization of African Unity to enhance their assistance for improving the competitiveness of the industrial sector in Africa in the light of the globalization of

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1/ A/50/487.

production and the growth of related trade, investment and technology flows;

"8. Requests the Secretary-General, in collaboration with all the relevant organizations, funds and programmes of the United Nations system, to submit a report on the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade as a contribution to the mid-term review, in 1996, of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;

"9. Also requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-second session a report on the implementation of the present resolution."

3. At the 43rd meeting, on 12 December, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Conor Murphy (Ireland), introduced a draft resolution entitled "Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa" (A/C.2/50/L.76), which he submitted on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.40.

4. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.76, without a vote (see para. 8).

5. Before the adoption of the draft resolution, a statement was made by the representative of the United States of America (see A/C.2/50/SR.43).

6. In view of the adoption of draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.76, draft resolution A/C.2/50/L.40 was withdrawn by its sponsors.

## B. Draft decision

7. At its 43rd meeting, on 12 December, the Committee decided to take note of the report of the Secretary-General on the programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa, submitted under agenda item 95 (see para. 9).

## III. RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE

8. The Second Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

### Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolution 49/107 of 19 December 1994 on the programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa, in which it requested the Secretary-General to report to it at its fiftieth session on the implementation of the resolution,

Reaffirming also paragraph 2 of its resolution 49/102 of 19 December 1994,

Stressing the renewed urgency for promoting industrialization as a key element in the development of developing countries and the important role of the United Nations system, including the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, which is undergoing a process of reform, and recalling the declarations of the Group of 77, the Non-Aligned Movement and the Organization of African Unity, on 29 September 1995, 4/ 20 October 1995 and 28 June 1995, respectively, on the essential role of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization in this regard,

Recognizing the need for enhanced cooperation between African countries, the United Nations system and other bilateral and multilateral financial institutions, as well as African regional and subregional organizations, in the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade,

Recognizing also the important role of industrialization in promoting sustained economic growth and sustainable development in Africa in the context of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, 5/

Recognizing further the importance of intercontinental, interregional, regional and subregional cooperation in the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade,

Noting the far-reaching implications of the fundamental developments in the international environment for development cooperation, including the conclusion of the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations, and for the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade, as well as the need for concerted national and international action to enable African countries to cope with the challenges posed by, and benefit fully from, the opportunities provided by recent developments in international trade, among other things, and the role of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development in this regard,

Emphasizing the continuing need for the mobilization of adequate resources through domestic and international initiatives for the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade, including a favourable climate for foreign direct investment, private sector development, small and medium-sized enterprises and enhanced market access,

Recognizing the need for African countries to use both human and financial resources more effectively in the process of industrialization,

Noting with appreciation the various regional and subregional initiatives and meetings that have taken place, including the Conference of African Ministers of Industry, held at Gaborone, Botswana, from 6 to 8 June 1995, and the contribution made by the United Nations Industrial Development Organization in convening and organizing industrial investment forums aimed at the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade,

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4/ A/50/518, annex.

5/ Resolution 46/151, annex, sect. II.

1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa (1993-2002); 6/

2. Emphasizes the importance of industrial development cooperation and a positive investment and business climate, at the international, regional, subregional and national levels, in promoting the expansion, diversification and modernization of productive capacities in developing countries;

3. Requests the United Nations system, in particular the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and the Economic Commission for Africa, as well as the Organization of African Unity and all other partners in the development process, to continue to play an active and more effective role in the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade, bearing in mind the undertakings made in this regard in the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;

4. Encourages African Governments to strengthen national committees for the Second Decade in order to monitor its implementation effectively and to fashion effective policy responses to the challenges and the demands posed and the opportunities offered by changes in the domestic and international environment for industrialization;

5. Emphasizes the continuing need for technical and financial assistance from the United Nations system and from bilateral and multilateral sources to complement the efforts of African countries in achieving the objectives of the Second Decade, as well as the need for African countries to enhance cooperation among themselves in the areas of industrial policy, institutional development, human resources development, technology and investments;

6. Requests the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to facilitate the exchange of information among African Governments on activities carried out nationally in collaboration with the United Nations system and with the support of bilateral and multilateral partners in connection with the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade as a contribution to subsequent reports of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the programme;

7. Calls upon the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Economic Commission for Africa and the Organization of African Unity to enhance their assistance and coordinate their activities in human resources development for industry, with a view to improving the competitiveness of the industrial sector in Africa in the light of the globalization of production and the growth of related trade, investment and technology flows;

8. Requests the Secretary-General, in collaboration with all the relevant organizations, funds and programmes of the United Nations system, to take into account the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade when preparing

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6/ A/50/487.

for the mid-term review, in 1996, of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;

9. Also requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-second session a report on the implementation of the present resolution.

* * *

9. The Second Committee also recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft decision:

Report of the Secretary-General on the programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa

The General Assembly takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on the Programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa. 7/

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7/ A/50/487.